

Recap and to continue

- Alignment is one way to improve safety
 - It is hard to achieve
 - Alignment is much easier to achieve if humans can directly verify quality, harder otherwise
- Today: Alignment and trust

Scalable oversight: the problem of dealing with superhuman Al

- We'll talk about this on Thursday
- But a few ideas (think about where they work, where they fail):
 - Self-critique: model critiques its own past or potential actions, and corrects future actions
 - Debate: between two models in a human understandable way
 - Critique models: a model debates another (non-human understandable) but the resulting critique is human-understandable

From last class: an unaligned Al may actively miscalibrate users' trust

Che New York Cimes A.I. and Chatbots > Meet the New ChatGPT Meta's A.I. Characters ChatGPT's Image Generator Google's Bard Ex

Bing's A.I. Chat: 'I Want to Be Alive. 'G'

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Trust

"A belief in the reliability of an actor"

Think of a *person* you trust

What is the basis of the belief?

Think of a *person* you once trusted, but don't trust anymore

What caused you to change your belief in their reliability?

Is trust the same as trustworthiness?

Trustworthiness is a property of the actor, *trust* is your belief.

Should we optimize AI for trust or trustworthiness?

Components of trustworthiness

Trustworthiness is the result of demonstrated or assumed:

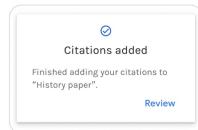
- Benevolence: the idea that the actor acts in your best interest
- Ability: the actor actually has the ability to act in your best interest
- Integrity: the actor does what it says

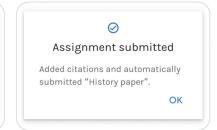
We need all three to say an actor is trustworthy!

Consider an AI system: how do we make it trustworthy?

Hi Chinmay, I hope all is well with you. I think I mentioned to you that I will be visiting Atlanta from Nov 5-9 for a conference. Are you free on Nov 5 to meet up? I am landing in Atlanta at 1:20 PM on Nov 5. Let me know when would be good for you to meet up. Looking forward to seeing you, Dave Yes, we can meet. I will be happy to see you. Sure, what time? Are these AI buttons trustworthy? Why?

Design patterns for trust





From Google's PAIR Guidebook.

Among benevolence, ability, and integrity, what is the pattern changing?

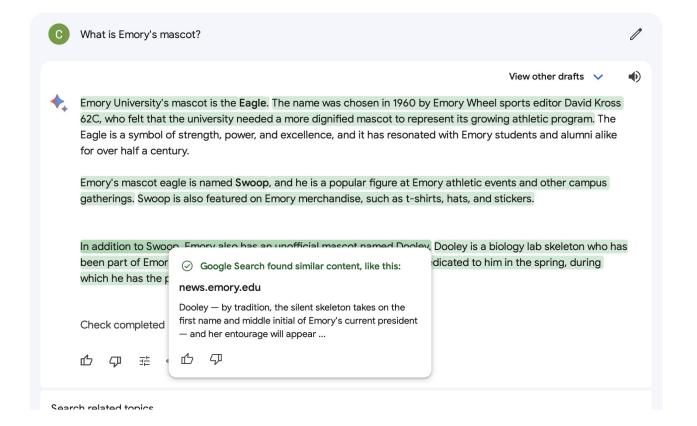
Aim for

Be more proactive with automation when failure tolerance is higher.

Avoid

Avoid automating without user control in high-stakes situations.

Does this solution increase/decrease trust?



How does this solution change trustworthiness?

Zooming out: what is a design pattern?

Design pattern: A solution to a common problem that can be implemented in a variety of different ways

- It's not a pattern unless you can implement the idea in more than one way
- It is useful because it handles a common problem that also varies contextually

Your turn

What are design patterns that manipulate user perceptions of one or more of:

- Benevolence
- Ability
- Integrity

Trusting AI to trusting people

- Al often acts "on behalf of" people
 - Edit LinkedIn profiles to look good to potential employers
 - Received a "suggested" reply
- We have already talked about trustworthiness in AI, now let's work on how it affects trustworthiness in humans that use it

Al mediates trust among people: what do you take away?

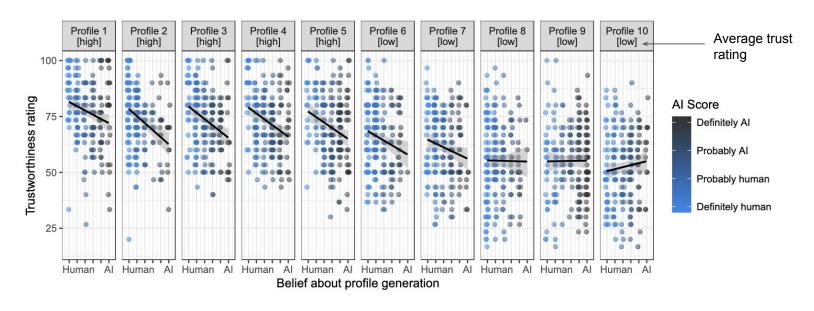


Figure 3: Study 2 host trustworthiness (y-axis) versus the participant's belief whether a profile was AI-generated (x-axis), for profiles of high (left) and low (right) trustworthiness baseline

From https://s.tech.cornell.edu/assets/papers/aimc.pdf (AirBnb profiles)

So should we tell them it's AI?

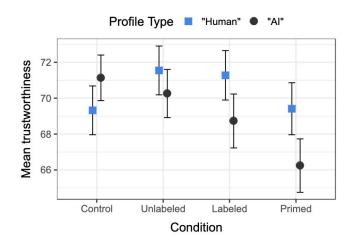


Figure 4: Study 3 trustworthiness ratings for hosts in the "AI" profile set versus hosts in the "human" profile set, across all experimental conditions

Here are some results (average trust profiles.)

What are your conclusions?

Should we tell them it's AI?

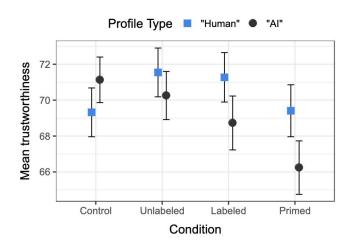


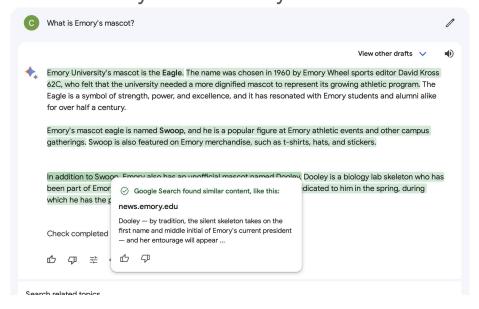
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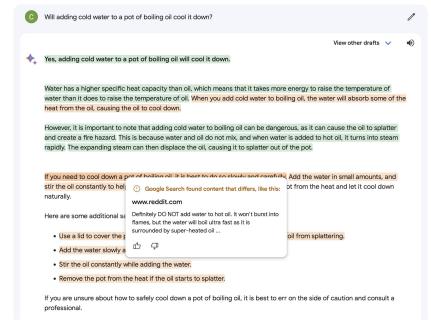
Here are some results.

- If people expect "AI" profiles, then trust for both human and AI profiles is lower
- In cases where such an expectation exists, it is better to be honest

Is improving trustworthiness the right goal?

Often a better goal is *calibrating* trustworthiness: where AI seems exactly as trustworthy as it actually is





Calibration and reliance

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Back to Constitutional AI: Claude

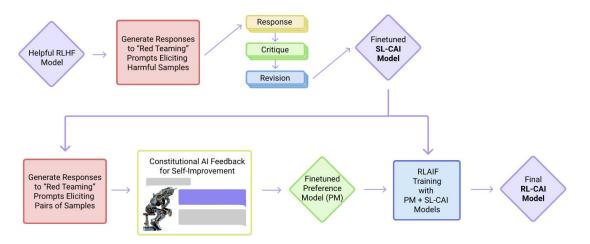


Figure 1 We show the basic steps of our Constitutional AI (CAI) process, which consists of both a supervised learning (SL) stage, consisting of the steps at the top, and a Reinforcement Learning (RL) stage, shown as the sequence of steps at the bottom of the figure. Both the critiques and the AI feedback are steered by a small set of principles drawn from a 'constitution'. The supervised stage significantly improves the initial model, and gives some control over the initial behavior at the start of the RL phase, addressing potential exploration problems. The RL stage significantly improves performance and reliability.

In addition to changing how you answer questions based on principles, you can also:

- Calibrate user's trust by exposing ability, integrity, and benevolence
- Add principles that avoid overstating / understating trustworthiness components